

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) Disclosure - Quarter ending 30 June 2020

<i>(Consolidated in MUR)</i>		TOTAL UNWEIGHTED VALUE (quarterly average of monthly observations) ¹	TOTAL WEIGHTED VALUE (quarterly average of monthly observations) ¹
HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	47,387,008,778	46,860,196,839
CASH OUTFLOWS			
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	19,810,745,149	1,981,074,515
3	<i>Stable deposits</i>	0	0
4	<i>Less stable deposits</i>	19,810,745,149	1,981,074,515
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	101,396,331,770	50,010,834,384
6	<i>Operational deposits (all counterparties)</i>	0	0
7	<i>Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)</i>	101,396,331,770	50,010,834,384
8	<i>Unsecured debt</i>	0	0
9	Secured wholesale funding	0	0
10	Additional requirements, of which:	0	0
11	<i>Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements</i>	0	0
12	<i>Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products</i>	0	0
13	<i>Credit and liquidity facilities</i>	1,105,450,449	89,664,718
14	Other contractual funding obligations	0	0
15	Other contingent funding obligations	1,981,956,287	1,627,577,678
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	124,294,483,654	53,709,151,295
CASH INFLOWS			
17	Secured funding (e.g. reverse repos)	0	0
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures	43,213,451,081	41,543,934,732
19	Other cash inflows	1,692,666,555	1,692,666,555
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	44,906,117,636	43,236,601,287
			TOTAL ADJUSTED VALUE
21	TOTAL HQLA		46,860,196,839
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		13,427,287,824
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		349%
24	QUARTERLY AVERAGE OF DAILY HQLA²	38,248,226,166	

¹ The quarterly average of monthly observations is based on April to June 2020 month end figures.

² The quarterly average of daily HQLA is based on close of day figures over the 1st April 2020 to 30th June 2020 period.

CommentsLCR requirements and movements

In accordance with the Bank of Mauritius guideline on Liquidity Risk Management, banks are required to maintain a minimum liquidity coverage ratio (LCR). The LCR's objective is to ensure that banks have an adequate stock of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to meet their 30 day liquidity requirements under a stress scenario. The current regulatory minimum LCR requirement is 100%.

AfrAsia's average LCR for the quarter ending 30th June 2020 stood at 349% (349% for Q/E March 2020), driven by an excess HQLA stock of MUR 33.4bn over its total net cash outflows (NCO). The main drivers of the LCR are:

- (i) Movements in HQLA stock;
- (ii) Movements in customer loans and deposits;
- (iii) Interbank borrowing and funding;
- (iv) Contingent funding obligations;
- (v) Derivatives cash flows falling within the 30-day horizon.

HQLA stock and components

The bank's HQLA stock is made up of cash, including unrestricted balances with Central Bank, government and central bank securities and highly liquid qualifying investment grade corporate bonds.

The bank's daily simple average HQLA stock over the Q/E 30th June 2020 was MUR 38.2bn.

As at 30th June 2020, the bank's HQLA stock position was MUR 48.9bn, made up of cash and unrestricted balances with Central Bank MUR 8.6bn (HQLA 1), Government of Mauritius and Bank of Mauritius Securities MUR 17.1bn (HQLA 1), US Treasury Bills MUR 21.1bn (HQLA 1) and qualifying non-financial corporate bonds MUR 1bn (HQLA 2).

The bank calculates and reports LCR for MUR, its material foreign currencies (USD and EUR) and on a consolidated basis, fortnightly to the Bank of Mauritius. The bank's excess USD denominated HQLA stock is used to cater for the LCR requirements of its other material foreign currencies. The bank also has access to the swap market for its short-term currency mismatch requirements.

Funding mix and concentration monitoring

The bank's funding sources are mainly in the form of customer current, savings and term deposit accounts from global business companies, multi-nationals, financial institutions and individuals. Funding concentration risks are regularly monitored through internally developed metrics and the bank's funding strategy is aligned to its asset funding requirements.

Liquidity Risk Management framework

The bank's liquidity risk management principles are guided by its Liquidity Risk Policy and the Bank of Mauritius Guideline on Liquidity Risk Management.

Liquidity and funding risks management are the responsibility of the bank's Asset and Liability Management (ALM) team who is also responsible of ensuring tactical excess liquidity deployment and balance sheet optimization. The ALM team assists management by monitoring liquidity and funding risks on a daily basis and providing a comprehensive set of reports on a monthly basis to the Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO) to facilitate strategic decision making.